

# TRAVERSE CITY CODE OF ORDINANCES

## ORDINANCE AMENDMENT NO. 1111

Effective date: November 14, 2019

TITLE: Definitions      ORDINANCE 1320.07

THE CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY ORDAINS:

That Section 1320.07, of the Zoning Code of the Traverse City Code of Ordinances, be amended to read in its entirety as follows:

1320.07 - Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

*Abutting* means a lot or parcel which shares a common border with the subject lot or parcel.

*Accessory building* means a building or structure customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building and located on the same lot as and spatially separated from the principal building.

*Accessory dwelling unit* means a smaller, secondary home on the same lot as a principal dwelling. Accessory dwelling units are independently habitable and provide the basic requirements of shelter, heating, cooking and sanitation. There are 2 types of accessory dwelling units:

- (1) Accessory dwelling in an accessory building (examples include converted garages or new construction).
- (2) Accessory dwelling that is attached or part of the principal dwelling (examples include converted living space, attached garages, basements or attics; additions; or a combination thereof).

*Accessory use* means a use customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal use of the land or building and located on the same lot as the principal use.

*Adult foster care family home* means a private residence with the approved capacity to receive not more than 6 adults who shall be provided foster care for 5 or more days a week and for 2 or more consecutive weeks. The adult foster care family home state licensee shall be a member of the household and an occupant of the residence.

*Adult foster care small group home* means a state licensed adult foster care facility with the approved capacity for not more than 12 adult residents to be provided foster care.

*Affordable housing* means housing units for eligible low-income households where the occupant is paying no more than 30 percent of gross income for housing costs.

*Aggrieved person* means a person who has suffered a substantial damage from a zoning decision not in common to other property owners similarly situated, and who has actively opposed the decision in question.

*Airport terminal* means the main passenger location of an airport and includes all office, hotel and retail uses commonly occurring at such locations.

*Alley* means a way which functions primarily as a service corridor and provides access to properties abutting thereon. "Alley" does not mean "street."

*Alteration* means any change, addition or modification in construction or type of occupancy; any change in the structural members of a building, such as walls or partitions, columns, beams or girders.

*Basement* means that portion of a building which is partly or wholly below finished grade, but so located that the vertical distance from the average grade to the floor is greater than the vertical distance from the average grade to the ceiling. A basement, as defined herein, shall not be counted as a story (see Figure 1-1). A cellar is a basement.

*Berm* means a constructed mound of earth rising to an elevation above the adjacent ground level of the site where located which contributes to the visual screening of the area behind the berm.

*Block* means a unit of land bounded by streets or by a combination of streets and public land, railroad rights-of-way, waterways or any other barrier to the continuity of development.

*Block, face.* "Face block" means that portion of a block or tract of land facing the same side of a single street and lying between the closest intersecting streets.

*Boat house* means an enclosed or partially enclosed structure designed for the use and storage of private watercraft and marine equipment.

*Boat livery* means any structure, site or tract of land utilized for the storage, servicing, docking or rental of watercraft for a fee.

*Brew pub* means a facility as defined such by the State of Michigan.

*Building* means any structure designed or built for the enclosure, shelter or protection of persons, animals, chattels or property of any kind.

*Building, height of.* See "height of building."

*Building, principal.* "Principal building" means a building within which is conducted the main or principal use of the lot upon which it is located. More than one principal building is allowed on a lot.

*Cemetery* means property, including crematories, mausoleums, and/or columbariums, used or intended to be used solely for the perpetual interment of deceased human beings or household pets.

*Clinic* means an establishment where human patients who are not lodged overnight are admitted for examination and treatment by a group of physicians or dentists or similar professions.

*Club* means an organization of persons for special purposes or for the promulgation of sports, arts, science, literature, politics, agriculture or similar activities, but not operated for profit and open only to members and not the public.

*Cluster* means a development design technique that concentrates building on a portion of the site to allow the remaining land to be used for recreation, common open space and preservation of environmentally sensitive features.

*Communication antenna* means a device, dish or array used to transmit or receive telecommunications signals mounted on a communication tower, building or structure that is greater than 1 square meter in a residential district or 2 square meters in a non-residential district. Antenna does not include federally-licensed amateur radio station, television or radio

receive-only antennas or antennas used solely for personal use. Communication antennas are not "essential services," public utilities or private utilities.

*Communication tower or tower* means any structure that is primarily designed and constructed for the purpose of supporting 1 or more antennas for telecommunications, radio and similar communication purposes, including self-supporting lattice towers, guyed towers, or monopole towers. The term includes radio and television transmission towers, microwave towers, common-carrier towers, cellular telephone towers, alternative tower structures, and the like. Communication towers are not "essential services," public utilities or private utilities.

*Community garden* means a parcel gardened collectively by a group of people.

*Convenience store* means a retail establishment offering for sale prepackaged food products, household items and other goods commonly associated with the same and having a gross floor area of less than 5,000 square feet.

*Country club*. See "golf course."

*Crematories* means a building or structure, or room or space in a building or structure, for the cremation of deceased persons or deceased household pets.

*Critical root zone* means a circular area surrounding a tree, the radius of which is measured outward from the trunk of a tree 1 foot for each 1 inch of diameter at breast height. The critical root zone shall also extend to a depth of 4 feet below the natural surface ground level.

*Cultural facilities* means facilities for activities for the preservation and enhancement for the cultural well-being of the community.

*Development* means all structures and other modifications of the natural landscape above and below ground or water on a particular site.

*Diameter at breast height* means the diameter of a tree trunk in inches measured by diameter at 4.5 feet above the ground.

*District* means a section of the City for which the zoning regulations governing the use of buildings and premises, the height of buildings, setbacks and the intensity of use are uniform.

*Drive-in* means an establishment which by design, physical facilities, service, or by packaging procedures encourages or permits customers to receive services or obtain goods while remaining in their motor vehicles.

*Drive-through* means an establishment which by design, physical facilities, service, or by packaging procedures encourages or permits customers to receive service or obtain goods intended to be consumed off-premises.

*Dripline* means an imaginary vertical line extending downward from the outermost tips of the tree branches to the ground.

*Driveway* means a means of access for vehicles from a street, approved alley, across a lot or parcel to a parking or loading area, garage, dwelling or other structure or area on the same lot.

*Driveway, service* means a point of access solely for the use of vehicles designed to load and unload trash receptacles 3 cubic yards or more in size.

*Dwelling* means any building or portion thereof which is designed for or used exclusively for residential purposes and containing 1 or more dwelling units.

*Dwelling, multiple family.* "Multiple family dwelling" means a building or portion thereof containing 3 or more dwelling units and designed for or occupied as the home of 3 or more families living independently of each other.

*Dwelling, single-family.* "Single-family dwelling" means a detached building containing 1 dwelling unit and designed for or occupied by only 1 family.

*Dwelling, two-family.* "Two-family dwelling" means a building designed for or occupied exclusively by 2 families living independently of each other.

*Dwelling unit* means 1 or more rooms with bathroom and principal kitchen facilities designed as a self-contained unit for occupancy by 1 family for living, cooking and sleeping purposes. The existence of a food preparation area (such as a sink and appliances to heat and refrigerate food) within a room or rooms shall be evidence of the existence of a dwelling unit.

*Eligible household* means a household meeting the income criteria included in Chapter 1376, with income determined in a manner consistent with determinations of lower-income households and area median income under Section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937, as amended (Section 8 Housing Program).

*Eligible housing nonprofit* means a 501(c)3 nonprofit housing organization with the means and capacity to guarantee and enforce long-term affordability of affordable housing units meeting the requirements of Chapter 1376.

*Emergency shelter* means a facility operated by a governmental or nonprofit agency where supportive services and shelter are offered to homeless persons.

*Erected* means built, constructed, reconstructed, moved upon, or any physical operations on the premises required for the building. Excavations, fill, drainage and the like, shall be considered a part of erection when done in conjunction with a structure.

*Essential services* means the installation, construction, alteration or maintenance by public utilities or governmental agencies of underground, surface or overhead telephone, electrical, gas, steam, fuel, or water distribution systems, collections, supply or disposal systems, streets, alleys, sidewalks, or trails, including pavement, traffic control devices, signs, poles, wires, mains, drains, sewers, pipes, conduits, cables, padmount transformers, fire alarm and police call boxes, traffic signals, hydrants and similar accessories in connection therewith which are necessary for the furnishing of adequate service by such utilities or governmental agencies for the general public health, safety, convenience or welfare. "Essential services" do not include communication antennas and communication towers.

*Essential service-structures.* The erection, construction, alteration or maintenance by public utilities or governmental agencies of structures not in the right-of-way over 800 cubic feet in area including, but not limited to, towers, transmission and subtransmission facilities, or buildings related to essential services in all districts.

*Facade* means the exterior wall of a building exposed to public view.

*Family* means 1 or more persons occupying a dwelling unit and living as a single housekeeping unit, whether or not related to each other by birth or marriage, as distinguished from persons occupying a boarding house, lodging house or hotel.

*Fence* means a constructed barrier made of wood, metal, stone, brick or any manufactured materials erected for the enclosure of yard areas.

*Flood plain, 100-year.* "100-year flood plain" means the lowland areas adjoining inland and coastal waters which are identified on Floodway Maps produced by FEMA (Federal Emergency

Management Agency) and which are estimated to have a 1 percent chance of flooding in a given year.

*Floor area* . See "a gross floor area."

*Frontage* means the total continuous width of the front lot line.

*Golf course/country club* means any golf course, public or private, where the game of golf is played, including accessory uses and buildings customary thereto, but excluding golf driving ranges and miniature golf courses as a principal use.

*Grade* means:

- (1) *For buildings having walls adjoining 1 street only* : the elevation of the public sidewalk, top of curb, or centerline of the street right-of-way, whichever is closest to the building, where a building wall adjoins a street.
- (2) *For buildings having walls adjoining more than 1 street* : the average elevation of the sidewalks, curbs or centerlines of streets, whichever is closest to the building walls adjoining the streets.
- (3) *For buildings having no wall adjoining the street* : the average of the lowest and highest ground surface elevations in an area within 6 feet of the foundation line of a building or structure. Any building or structure wall within 35 feet of a public or private street shall be considered as adjoining the street. (See Figure 1-2.)

*Greenbelt* means a strip of land of definite width and location upon which existing vegetation is preserved or an area is reserved for the planting of living plant materials to serve as an obscuring screen or buffer strip in carrying out the requirements of this Code.

*Grocery store* means a retail establishment primarily selling prepackaged and perishable food as well as other convenience and household goods.

*Gross floor area (GFA)* means the sum of the gross horizontal areas of the several floors of a building or structure from the exterior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a wall separating 2 buildings, but excluding any space where the floor-to-ceiling height is less than 6 feet.

*Guest night* means an adult who occupies a room in a tourist home overnight. (i.e. An adult guest occupying a room in a tourist home for 4 nights has stayed for 4 guest nights.)

*Height of building* means the vertical distance from the grade to the highest point on a mansard or flat roof or to the median height between the eaves and the ridge for gable, hip and gambrel roofs. (See Figure 1-3).

*Home occupation* means an accessory use of a dwelling unit for business purposes.

*Hospitality house* means a facility that provides lodging to patients, family members or caretakers and medical workers while away from their home communities. The facility will typically have shared kitchens, common living areas and private bedrooms

*Host, tourist home*, means the owner resides in the tourist home overnight.

*Impervious surface* means any material which prevents, impedes or slows infiltration or absorption of storm water directly into the ground at the rate of absorption of vegetation bearing soils, including building, asphalt, concrete, gravel and other surfaces.

*Impervious surface ratio* means the area of impervious surface less those areas used exclusively for pedestrian circulation or outdoor recreational facilities divided by the gross site area.

*Kenel* means any lot or premises used for the sale, boarding, or breeding of dogs, cats or other household pets or the keeping of 5 or more dogs or cats in any combination over the age of 6 months.

*Land clearing* means:

- (1) The clearing of over 8,000 square feet of vegetation from any site, or
- (2) The removal of more than 20 trees more than 6 inches in diameter at breast height within 50 feet of a public or private street or river.

Mowing, trimming or pruning of vegetation to maintain it in a healthy, viable condition is not considered land clearing.

*Landing area* means a landing pad, area, strip, deck or building roof used to launch or receive aircraft, including, but not limited to, power-driven winged or delta-winged aircraft, gliders, balloons and helicopters.

*Landscaping* means some combination of planted canopy trees, vines, ground cover, flowers or turf so long as a minimum of 80 percent of the landscape area is covered by living plant material. Planted trees shall be a least 2½ inches caliper and shall comply with the species requirements set forth in the City's approved *Tree List*. In addition, the combination or design may include rock ground cover, earth mounds, and such structural features as fountains, pools, art works, screens, walls, fences and benches.

*Laundromat* means a business that provides home-type washing, drying and/or ironing machines for hire to be used by customers on the premises or operated for the benefit of retail customers who bring in and call for laundry.

*Lodging facility* means a commercial establishment with 1 or more buildings whose primary use is to provide temporary overnight accommodations within individual guest rooms or suites to the general public for compensation. Accessory uses may include eating places, meeting rooms and other similar uses.

*Lot* means a parcel of land occupied or intended for occupancy by a use permitted in this Zoning Code, including 1 principal building together with accessory buildings, open spaces and parking areas required by this Zoning Code, and having its principal frontage upon a street or upon an officially approved private street. The word "lot includes the words "plot," "tract" or "parcel."

*Lot, corner.* "Corner lot" means a lot which has at least 2 contiguous sides abutting on and at the intersection of 2 or more streets.

*Lot of record* means a lot whose existence, location and dimensions have been legally recorded or registered in a deed or on a plat.

*Lot, through.* "Through lot" means an interior lot having frontage on 2 more or less parallel streets.

*Lot width* means the horizontal distance between side lot lines measured parallel to the front lot line at the minimum required front setback line.

*Manufacturing* means the production of articles for use from raw or prepared materials by giving these materials new forms, qualities, properties or combinations, whether by hand labor or machine.

*Market, municipal.* "Municipal market" means a publicly owned and operated building or space where vendors offer a wide range of different products from open stalls.

*Marina* means a commercial mooring, berthing, or docking facility for watercraft with or without provisions for launching, haulout, servicing, fueling or sales of accessory supplies.

*Medical marihuana facility* means a location at which a person is licensed to operate under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City and operates as a medical marihuana grower, medical marihuana processor, medical marihuana secure transporter, medical marihuana provisioning center, or a medical marihuana safety compliance facility.

*Medical marihuana grower* means a use where a person holding a state operating license under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City cultivates, dries, trims, or cures and packages medical marihuana for sale to a processor or provisioning center.

*Medical marihuana provisioning center* means a use where a person holding a state license under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City purchases medical marihuana from a medical marihuana grower or medical marihuana processor and commercially sells, supplies, or provides medical marihuana to registered qualifying patients as defined in the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act, MCL 333.26241 et seq., directly or through the registered qualifying patients' registered primary caregiver. Medical marihuana provisioning center includes any property where medical marihuana is sold at retail to registered qualifying patients or registered primary caregivers. A residential location used by a primary caregiver to assist a qualifying patient connected to the caregiver through the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act, MCL 333.26241 et seq., is not a medical marihuana provisioning center.

*Medical marihuana processor* means a use where a person holding a state license under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City purchases medical marihuana from a medical marihuana grower and extracts resin from the marihuana or creates a marihuana-infused product for sale and transfer in packaged form to a medical marihuana provisioning center.

*Medical marihuana safety compliance facility* means a use where a person holding a state operating license under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City takes medical marihuana from a marihuana facility or receives medical marihuana from a registered primary caregiver, tests the medical marihuana for contaminants and for tetrahydrocannabinol and other cannabinoids, returns the test results, and may return the medical marihuana to the marihuana facility.

*Medical marihuana secure transporter* means a use where a person holding a state license under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Facilities Licensing Act, MCL 333.27101 et seq., and a marihuana facility license under Chapter 845 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Traverse City stores medical marihuana and transports medical marihuana between medical marihuana facilities for a fee.

*Microbrewery* means a facility as defined as such by the State of Michigan.

*Non-conforming use* means a lawful use of land that does not comply with the use regulations for its zoning district but which complied with applicable regulations at the time the use was established.

*Nursing home.* See "residential care and treatment facility."

*Open space, common.* "Common open space" means land within or related to a development, not individually owned that is designed and intended for the common use or enjoyment of the residents and their guests of the development and may include such complementary structures and improvements as are necessary and appropriate.

*Ordinary high water mark* means the line between upland and bottomland which persists through successive changes in water levels, below which the presence and action of the water is so common or recurrent that the character of the land is marked distinctly from the upland and is identified along Grand Traverse Bay and Boardman Lake at an elevation defined by the US Army Corps of Engineers. The Boardman River ordinary high water mark is identified as the line between upland and bottomland that persists through successive changes in water levels, below which the presence and action of the water is so common or recurrent that the character of the land is marked distinctly from the upland and is apparent in the soil itself, the configuration of the surface of the soil, and the vegetation.

*Owner* means any person having an ownership interest in a premises as shown on the latest Traverse City tax records.

*Parcel.* See a "lot."

*Parking area* means any public or private area, under or outside of a building or structure, designed and used for parking motor vehicles, including parking lots, driveways and legally designated areas of public streets.

*Parking area, commercial.* "Commercial parking area" means a tract of land which is used for the storage of motor vehicles, which is not accessory to any other use on the same or any other lot and which contains parking space rented to the general public or reserved for individuals by the hour, day, week or month.

*Parking area, off-street.* "Off-street parking area" means a land surface or facility providing vehicular parking spaces off of a street together with drives and maneuvering lanes so as to provide access for entrance and exit for the parking of motor vehicles.

*Parking area, private.* "Private parking area" means a parking area for the exclusive use of the owners, tenants, lessees, or occupants of the lot on which the parking area is located or their customers, employees, or whomever else they permit to use the parking area.

*Parking area, public.* "Public parking area" means a publicly owned or controlled parking area available to the public, with or without payment of a fee.

*Parking space* means an area of land provided for vehicles exclusive of drives, aisles, or entrances giving access thereto, which is fully accessible for parking of permitted vehicles.

*Parking structure* means a building or structure consisting of more than 1 level and used to store motor vehicles.

*Pavement.* "Pavement" and "paved" mean permanent and completely covered with concrete, a bituminous surface, brick or other surface approved by the Planning Director.

*Pedestrian scale* means design and construction considerations based upon the scale of a human being which imbue occupants and users of the built environment with a sense of comfort and security.

*Person* means a corporation, association, partnership, trust, firm or similar activity as well as an individual.

*Place of worship* means a building wherein persons regularly assemble for religious worship and which is maintained and controlled by a religious body organized to sustain public worship, together with all accessory buildings and uses customarily associated with such primary purpose.

*Planning director* means the head of the City Planning and Zoning Department or the designee of that person.

*Plat* means a map of a subdivision of and recorded with the Register of Deeds pursuant to state statute

*Primary residence* means a housing unit in which an owner or lessee resides for the majority of the year and provides proof of primary residence evidence acceptable to the City Clerk.

*Principal use* means the main use of land or structures as distinguished from a secondary or accessory use.

*Public utility* means any person, firm or corporation, municipal department, board or commission duly authorized to furnish and furnishing under federal, state or municipal regulations to the public; gas, steam, electricity, sewage disposal, communication, telephone, telegraph, transportation or water.

*R-District* means a residence district, namely an RC, R-1a, R-1b, R-2, R-9, R-15, and R-29 district.

*Recreational facilities* means buildings, or grounds, excluding amusement parks, where a variety of sport or exercise activities are offered.

*Recreational vehicle* means a vehicle primarily designed and used as a temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel purposes including a vehicle having its own motor power or a vehicle mounted on or drawn by another vehicle.

*Residential care and treatment facility* means a facility providing:

- (1) Services, programs and temporary shelter for residents who are undergoing alcohol or substance abuse rehabilitation;
- (2) Temporary emergency shelter and services for battered individuals and their children in a residential structure.

*Restaurant, family* means an establishment where food and drink are prepared and served to seated customers. Customer turnover rates are typically less than 1 hour. Generally, these establishments serve breakfast, lunch, and dinner and sometimes are open 24 hours a day. It may include cafeteria-style facilities.

*Restaurant, fast food* means an establishment where food and drink are served to customers at a counter. Such establishments may or may not have seating facilities. Generally, food and drink is ordered and taken to be consumed outside the restaurant building.

*Restaurant, fine* means an establishment where food and drink are prepared and served. Customer turnover rates are typically 1 hour or longer. Such establishments serve dinner but generally do not serve breakfast and may or may not serve lunch or brunch.

*Right-of-way* means a public or private street, alley or easement permanently established for the passage of persons or vehicles.

*Rooming house* means a residential building where rooms or suites of rooms are rented where the renters use common facilities, such as hallways and bathrooms. A rooming house

shall not include lodging facilities, apartment houses, 2 and multi-family dwellings or fraternity and sorority houses.

*School* means an educational institution under the sponsorship of a private or public agency providing elementary or secondary curriculum, and accredited or licensed by the State of Michigan; but excluding profit-making private trade or commercial schools.

*Screen* means a structure providing enclosure and a visual barrier between the area enclosed and the adjacent property. A screen may also be non-structured, consisting of shrubs or other growing materials.

*Screen, opaque* means a masonry wall, fence sections, earthen berm, evergreen hedge or a combination of these elements which completely interrupt visual contact and provide spatial separation.

*Setback* means the distance required between a lot line and a building wall.

*Setback, front.* A front setback means the minimum required distance, extending the full lot width, between the principal building and the front lot line. If there is more than one principal building on a lot, at least one of the principal buildings must meet the front setback.

*Setback, rear.* A rear setback means the minimum required distance, extending the full lot width, between the principal and accessory buildings and the lot line opposite the front line.

*Setback, side.* A side setback means the minimum required distance, extending from the front setback to the rear setback, between the principal and accessory building and the side lot line.

*Site diagram* means a drawing, drawn to scale, showing the location of buildings and structures on a lot, as well as driveways, curb cuts, alleys, streets, easements and utilities. See Appendix 1, Figure 1-4.

*Site plan* means a plan showing all salient features of a proposed development, so that it may be evaluated in order to determine whether it meets the provisions of this Code.

*Stop work order* means an administrative order which directs a person not to continue, or not to allow the continuation of an activity which is in violation of this Code.

*Street* means any public way, such as a public street, avenue or boulevard, at least 16 feet wide. Street does not mean "alley." See also "Private street."

*Street, access.* "Access street" means a street or alley designed primarily to provide access to properties.

*Street, arterial.* "Arterial street" means a street designed to carry high traffic volumes through the community.

*Street, collector.* "Collector street" means a street designed to carry moderately high traffic volumes from arterial and access streets.

*Street, private.* "Private street" means an officially approved thoroughfare, other than a public street or alley, permanently reserved as the principal means of access to abutting property.

*Structural alterations* means any change in a building requiring a building permit.

*Structure* means anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires a more or less permanent location on the ground or an attachment to something having a permanent location on the ground, including, but not limited to, freestanding signs, billboards, back stops for tennis courts and pergolas.

*Tourist home, high intensity* means a single-family dwelling that is a primary residence which is owned and hosted in residence by the owner renting out not more than three (3) rooms for compensation, limited to not more than two (2) adults per room, to persons who do not stay for more than fourteen (14) consecutive days for 85 or greater guest nights per year.

*Tourist home, low intensity* means a single-family dwelling that is a primary residence which is owned and hosted in residence by the owner renting out not more than two (2) rooms for compensation, limited to not more than two (2) adults per room, to persons who do not stay for more than fourteen (14) consecutive days for no greater than 84 guest nights per year.

*Townhouse* means a multiple dwelling in which each dwelling unit shares a common wall with at least 1 other dwelling unit and in which each dwelling unit has living space on the ground floor and has a separate ground-floor entrance.

*Trailer* means any enclosure used for living, sleeping, business or storage purposes, having no foundation other than wheels, blocks, skids, jacks, horses or skirtings, and which has been or reasonably may be equipped with wheels or devices for transporting the enclosure from place to place. "Trailer" includes motor homes, travel trailers and camper vans.

*Transit center* means a fixed location where passengers interchange from 1 route or vehicle to another that has significant infrastructure such as a waiting room, benches, restrooms, sales outlet, ticket or pass vending machines and other services.

*Transitional housing* means a facility which is operated by a government or a nonprofit agency providing interim sleeping and bath accommodations; interim eating and cooking facilities; and professional services to assist individuals or families in locating permanent housing.

*Treelawn* means the area of public right-of-way lying between the curb line of a curbed street or developed travelway of a noncurbed street and the nearest private property line substantially parallel to said street.

*Trip end* means the total of all motor vehicle trips entering plus all motor vehicle trips leaving a designated land use or building over a given period of time.

*Vacation home rental* means a commercial use of a dwelling where the dwelling is rented or sold for any term less than 30 consecutive days.

*Yard* means an open space at grade between a building and the adjoining lot lines, unoccupied and unobstructed by any portion of a structure from the ground upward, except as otherwise provided in this Zoning Code.

*Yard, front.* "Front yard" means all land extending across the width of a property and lying between the building line and the front lot line.

*Yard, rear.* "Rear yard" means all land extending across the width of the property and lying between the building and the rear lot line.

*Yard, side.* "Side yard" means all land lying between a principal building and the side lot lines and extending from the front to the rear of the principal building.

*Zoning Code* means Part 13, Title One of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Traverse City and includes the text of this Zoning Code as well as all maps, tables, graphics, schedules as included or attached as enacted or subsequently amended.

The effective date of this Ordinance is the 14<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2019.

I hereby certify the above ordinance amendment was introduced on September 16, 2019, at a regular meeting of the City Commission and was enacted on November 4, 2019, at a regular meeting of the City Commission by a vote of Yes: 5 No: 1 at the Commission Chambers, Governmental Center, 400 Boardman Avenue, Traverse City, Michigan.

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James Carruthers, Mayor

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Benjamin Marentette, City Clerk

I hereby certify that a notice of adoption of the above ordinance was published in the Traverse City Record Eagle, a daily newspaper published in Traverse City, Michigan, on November 14, 2019.

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Benjamin Marentette, City Clerk