

AN ACT

To amend an Act to provide a new charter for the City of Fort Oglethorpe, approved April 1, 1996 (Ga. L. 1996, p. 3892), as amended, so as to provide for the use of certain lands; to provide for the powers and duties of the mayor; to provide for conflicts of interest, disclosure of conflicts, proper use of public property, ethical prohibitions, disqualifications, complaints, ethics commission, and appeals; to provide for the filling of vacancies; to provide for related matters; to provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

An Act to provide a new charter for the City of Fort Oglethorpe, approved April 1, 1996 (Ga. L. 1996, p. 3892), as amended, is amended by adding a new section to read as follows:

"SECTION 1.15.

Polo Grounds.

The area known as the Polo Grounds, which is surrounded by Barnhardt Circle, shall be preserved in its present condition for the use and benefit of the general public, and no future permanent construction or obstruction shall be allowed in such area except as approved by the city council. Those structures now existing, including ball parks, may be improved within their present boundaries, except that nothing in this section shall affect the rights of the Catoosa County Board of Education regarding those areas previously conveyed to the Catoosa County Board of Education."

SECTION 2.

Said Act is further amended by revising Section 2.12 as follows:

"SECTION 2.12.

Vacancy; filling of vacancies.

(a) The office of mayor or councilmember shall become vacant upon the incumbent's death, resignation, forfeiture of office, lack of qualifications, incompetence, neglect of duty, gross misconduct in reference to his or her duties, violation of the Code of Ethics, or occurrence of any event specified by the Constitution of the State of Georgia, Title 45 of

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the O.C.G.A., or such other applicable laws as are or may be hereafter enacted. A vacancy may be permanent or temporary as circumstances dictate.

(b) A vacancy in the office of mayor or councilmember shall be filled within 60 days from the date of the vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term if less than one year remains on the term by appointment of a majority vote of the city councilmembers or upon filling the office by special election if more than one year remains on the term.

(c) Subsection (b) of this section shall also apply to a temporary vacancy created by the suspension from office of the mayor or any councilmember and will be effective for the duration of the temporary vacancy as circumstances dictate. Should the suspension from office be appealed and reversed by court decision, the mayor or councilmember shall be restored to office on the effective date of such court decision, and the temporary assignment will no longer be effective.

(d) The mayor or any councilmember shall forfeit his or her office if he or she lacks at any time during his or her term of office any qualifications of the office as prescribed by this charter or the laws of the State of Georgia; willfully and knowingly violates any express prohibition of this charter; or is convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude."

SECTION 3.

Said Act is further amended by revising Section 2.14 as follows:

"SECTION 2.14.

Conflicts of interest; holding other offices.

(a) Elected and appointed officers of the city are trustees and servants of the residents and taxpayers of the city and shall act in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of such residents and taxpayers. No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any city agency shall knowingly:

(1) Engage in any business or transaction or have a financial or other personal interest, direct or indirect, which is incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or which would tend to impair his or her independence of judgment or action in the performance of his or her official duties;

(2) Engage in or accept private employment or render services for private interests when such employment or service is incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or would tend to impair his or her independence of his or her judgment or action in the performance of his or her official duties;

(3) Disclose confidential information concerning the property, government, or affairs of the governmental body by which he or she is employed or appointed without proper legal

authorization, or use such information to advance the financial or other private interest of himself or herself or others;

(4) Accept any valuable gift, whether in the form of a service, loan, thing, or promise, from any person, firm, or corporation which, to his or her knowledge, is being offered to influence decision in business dealings with the governmental body by which he or she is employed or appointed; however, an elected official who is a candidate for public office may accept campaign contributions and services in connection with any such campaign;

(5) Represent private interests in any action or proceeding against the council by which he or she is employed; or

(6) Vote or otherwise participate in the negotiation or the making of any contract with any business or entity in which he or she has a financial interest.

(b) Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city who has any private financial interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within any department of the city shall disclose such private interest to the council.

(c) The mayor or any councilmember who has a private interest in any matter pending before the council shall disclose such private interest, and such disclosure shall be entered on the records of the council, and he or she shall disqualify himself or herself from participating in any decision or vote relating thereto.

(d) Any elected official, appointed officer, or employee of any city agency or political entity who has any private financial interest, directly or indirectly, in any contract or matter pending before or within such agency or entity shall disclose such private interest to the governing body of such agency or entity.

(e) An appointed member of the governing authority who has an interest that he or she has reason to believe may be affected by his or her official acts or actions or by the official acts or actions of the governing authority shall disclose the precise nature of such interest prior to the governing authority's taking official action on a matter affecting such interest and abstain from discussion and voting. Such disclosure shall be recorded into the minutes of the meeting and thus become part of the public record.

(f) Any violation of this section which occurs with the knowledge, express or implied, of another party to a contract or sale shall render the contract or sale voidable as to that party, at the option of the council.

(g) No elected official, appointed officer, or employee of the city or any city agency or entity shall use property owned by such governmental body for personal benefit, convenience, or profit, except in accordance with policies promulgated by the council or the governing body of such agency or entity.

(h) Any city officer or employee who willfully conceals a financial interest or willfully violates any of the requirements of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of malfeasance in office or position and may be removed from his or her office or position.

(i)(1) No member of the governing authority shall:

(A) By conduct, give a reasonable basis for the impression that any person can improperly influence him or her or unduly enjoy his or her favor in the performance of official acts;

(B) Directly or indirectly request, exact, receive, or agree to receive a gift, loan, favor, promise, or thing of value for himself or herself or another person if it could reasonably be considered to influence the member in the discharge of official duties;

(C) Disclose or otherwise use confidential information acquired by virtue of his or her official position for his or her or another person's private gain;

(D) Use his or her official position to attempt to secure privileges that are not available to the general public;

(E) Engage in, accept employment with, or render services for any private business or professional activity when such employment or rendering of services is adverse to and incompatible with the proper discharge of official duties;

(F) Engage in any activity or transaction that is prohibited by law now existing or hereafter enacted which is applicable to him or her by virtue of being a member of the governing authority;

(G) Use his or her position to request or require an employee to:

(i) Do clerical work on behalf of the member's family, business, social, church, or fraternal interest when such work is not furthering a city interest;

(ii) Perform any work outside the employee's normal course of municipal employment;

(iii) Purchase goods or services to be used for personal, business, or political purposes; or

(iv) Work for the member personally without paying the employee just compensation;

(H) Use government property of any kind for other than officially approved activities, nor shall he or she direct employees to use such property for any purposes other than those officially approved; or

(I) Use his or her position in any way to coerce, or give the appearance of coercing, another person to provide any financial benefit to himself or herself or persons having an interest.

(2) The prohibition of this subsection shall not apply in the case of:

(A) An occasional nonpecuniary gift of insignificant value;

- (B) An award publicly presented in recognition of public service;
- (C) A commercially reasonable loan or other financial transaction made in the ordinary course of business by an institution or individual authorized by the laws of this state to engage in the making of such a loan or financial transaction;
- (D) Campaign contributions made and reported in accordance with state law;
- (E) An occasional meal or event provided as appreciation or recognition; and
- (F) Meals or events provided or offered in the ordinary course of business.

(j) A member of the governing authority shall disqualify himself or herself from participating in any official act or action of the city which results in a pecuniary benefit to the member or a business or activity in which he or she has an interest, when such benefit is not available to the public at large.

(k) The city shall not enter into any contracts involving services or property with a member of the governing authority or with a business in which a member of the governing authority has an interest. This subsection shall not apply in the case of the designation of a bank or trust company as a depository for city funds or in cases of emergencies.

(l)(1) Any person having a complaint against any member of the governing authority for an alleged ethics violation shall file in writing a verified complaint setting forth the particular facts and circumstances which constitute the alleged violation. The complaint shall be filed with the city manager or city attorney. Upon receipt of a complaint, the city manager or city attorney shall randomly draw the names of three members from the board of ethics pool. The three members, along with the city attorney as legal counsel, shall constitute an investigating committee to determine whether the complaint sets forth significant facts and circumstances so as to warrant a hearing before the board of ethics. The investigating committee shall have the right to request supporting documentation from the complaining party if the committee deems it reasonable to avoid the pursuit of frivolous complaints. If the complaint does not set forth sufficient facts to constitute an alleged violation and is found unjustified, frivolous, or patently unfounded, it shall be dismissed, and the complainant notified immediately. If the complaint is found to state sufficient facts to warrant a hearing before the board of ethics, the board shall be appointed as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(2) The board of ethics of the city shall be composed of seven registered voters of the city to be appointed as provided in this paragraph. Each member of the board of ethics shall have been a resident of the city for at least one year immediately preceding the date of taking office and shall remain a resident of the city while serving as a member of the board of ethics. No person shall serve as a member of the board of ethics if the person has, or has had within the preceding one-year period, any interest in any contract, transaction, or official action of the city. The mayor and council shall each appoint three

qualified registered voters of the city to provide a pool of 18 individuals who have consented to serve as a member of such board of ethics and who will be available for a period of the term of their appointer to be called upon to serve in the event a board of ethics is appointed. The city attorney shall maintain a listing of these 18 qualified registered voters of the city. Should the investigating committee determine a complaint warrants a hearing before the board of ethics, the mayor and council, at the first public meeting after such determination, shall draw names randomly from the listing of qualified citizens until the specified seven members of the board of ethics have been appointed. Such board shall elect one of its members to serve as chairperson. The governing authority of the city shall provide a meeting space for the board of ethics. Subject to budgetary procedures and requirements of the city, the city shall provide the board of ethics with such supplies and equipment as may be reasonably necessary for it to perform its duties and responsibilities.

(3) Duties and powers. The constituted board of ethics shall have the following duties and powers:

- (A) Establish procedures, rules, and regulations governing its internal organization and conduct of its affairs;
- (B) Hold a hearing within 60 days after the receipt of a complaint;
- (C) Prescribe forms, approved by the city attorney, for the disclosure required in this section and to make available to the public information disclosed as provided in this subsection;
- (D) Receive and hear complaints of violations of the standards required by this section;
- (E) Make such investigation and response to a complaint as it deems necessary to determine whether any person has violated any provisions of this section;
- (F) Hold such hearings and make such inquiries as deemed necessary to investigate and rule upon complaints; and
- (G) Report its findings to the governing authority for such action as the governing authority deems appropriate.

(m)(1) In the event the investigating committee determines a complaint warrants a hearing, the board of ethics, as appointed in this section, shall cause the complaint to be served on the member of the governing authority charged as soon as practicable. Service may be by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested. A hearing shall be held within 60 days after filing of the complaint. The board of ethics shall conduct the hearing in accordance with the procedures and regulations it establishes, but in all circumstances, the hearing shall include the taking of testimony and the cross-examination of witnesses. The decision of the board of ethics shall be rendered to the mayor and council within five days after completion of the hearing.

(2) Any member of the governing authority who knowingly violates any provision of this section shall be subject to public reprimand, censure, or removal from office or a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00, or both, by the governing authority of the city.

(3) At any hearing held by the board of ethics, the member of the governing authority who is the subject of inquiry shall have the right to written notice of the allegations at least ten business days before a hearing, to be represented by counsel, to hear and examine the evidence and witnesses, and to present evidence and witnesses in opposition or in extenuation.

(n)(1) Any member of the governing authority or the complainant adversely affected by these findings of the board of ethics may obtain judicial review of such decision as provided in this subsection.

(2) An action for judicial review may be commenced by filing an application for a writ of certiorari in the superior court of the county within 30 days after the decision of the mayor and council. The filing of such application shall act as supersedes."

SECTION 4.

Said Act is further amended by revising Section 2.32 as follows:

"SECTION 2.32.

Powers and duties of mayor.

The mayor shall:

- (1) Preside at all meetings of the city council and shall have the right to take part in deliberations but shall not vote on any issue, ordinance, or legislation, except in case of a tie;
- (2) Be the head of the city for the purpose of service of process and for ceremonial purposes and be a spokesperson for the city and an advocate of policy;
- (3) Have power to administer oaths and to take affidavits;
- (4) Sign as a matter of course on behalf of the city all written and approved contracts, ordinances, and other instruments executed by the city which by law are required to be in writing;
- (5) Make any appointments or nominations when authorized by law or otherwise, provided that such appointments shall be subject to approval or ratification by the council; and
- (6) Have power to call or cancel a meeting with the approval of three councilmembers."

SECTION 5.

This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the Governor or upon its becoming law without such approval.

SECTION 6.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.

[illegible]


GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned authority, duly authorized to administer oaths, Tom Weldon, who on oath deposes and says that he is the Representative from District 3 and further deposes and says that the attached Notice of Intention to Introduce Local Legislation was published in the Catoosa County News which is the official organ of Catoosa County on March 5, 2014, and that the notice requirements of Code Section 28-1-14 have been met.

APPROVED

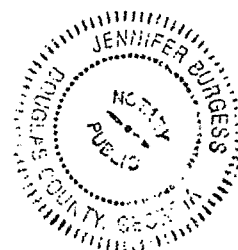
MAR 20 2014

BY GOVERNOR

s/ 
Tom Weldon
Representative, District 3

Sworn to and subscribed before me,
this 6th day of March 2014.

st 3
Jennifer Burgess
Notary Public, Douglas County, Georgia
My Commission Expires January 23, 2015
[SEAL]



ENROLLMENT

March 20 2014

The Committee of the House on Information and Audits has examined the within and finds the same properly enrolled.

Mike Chavira
Chairman

Chris Galt
Speaker of the House

Chris Galt
Clerk of the House

David Cook
President of the Senate

David Cook
Secretary of the Senate

Received Chris W. Piley
Secretary, Executive Department

This 20th day of March 2014

Approved Nathan Deal
Governor

This 20th day of March 2014

H.B. No. 1134

General

Act No. 352

Assembly



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IN HOUSE

Read 1st time 3-10-14

Read 2nd time 3-11-14

Read 3rd time 3-12-14

And Passed

Yeas 155

Nays 4

Clerk of the House

IN SENATE

Read 1st time 3-13-14

Read 2nd time

Read 3rd time

And Passed 3-18-14

Yeas 50

Nays 1

Passed Both Houses

David Cook
Secretary of the Senate

By: Reps. Weldon of the 3rd, Deffenbaugh of the 1st, and Tarvin of the 2nd