AN ORDINANCE READOPTING A CURFEW FOR PERSONS UNDER SEVENTEEN YEARS OF AGE TO PROHIBIT THEIR BEING IN ANY PUBLIC PLACE FROM 11:00PM ON ANY SUNDAY, MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, OR THURSDAY UNTIL 6:00AM THE FOLLOWING DAY, AND FROM 12:01 AM UNTIL 6:00AM ON ANY FRIDAY OR SATURDAY OR ON ANY DAY FROM JUNE 1 THROUGH AUGUST 15; PROVIDING DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES; PROVIDING PENALTIES CONSISTING OF A FINE FOR MINORS NOT TO EXCEED \$500.00, AND FOR PARENTS OF MINORS CONSISTING OF A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN \$50.00, BUT NOT TO EXCEED \$500.00; ADOPTING CERTAIN DEFENSES; REPEALING ALL ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE; PROVIDING A SAVINGS CLAUSE; PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Killeen has previously adopted ordinances relating to curfews for minors; and

WHEREAS, Killeen continues to experience juvenile violence, juvenile crime, and juvenile gang activity, resulting in juveniles being involved in a wide range of illegal behavior including vandalism, assault, public drinking and littering, drug use, and breaking and entering; and

WHEREAS, persons under the age of seventeen are particularly susceptible by their lack of maturity and experience to participate in unlawful and gang-related activities and to be victims of older perpetrators of crime; and

WHEREAS, lack of parental supervision and guidance contributes to the unacceptable level of juvenile violence, crime, and gang activity, and parental responsibility needs to be supported; and

WHEREAS, the youth curfew ordinance previously adopted in 2017 must be reviewed before re-adoption; and

WHEREAS, because the statistics show that the curfew ordinance is working to reduce juvenile crime during the curfew hours, it is necessary for the City of Killeen to continue to exercise its authority to protect minors from each other and from other persons, to promote parental control and responsibility for children, to protect the general public and to reduce juvenile criminal and delinquent activities,

WHEREAS, public hearings were held by the City Council of the City of Killeen on April 28, 2020 and May 12, 2020; NOW THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF KILLEEN:

SECTION I. That the following is re-adopted as Chapter 16, Article V, of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Killeen:

Chapter 16

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS AND OFFENSES

ARTICLE V. YOUTH CURFEW

Sec. 16-109. - Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, the following words, terms and phrases shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Curfew hours means:

- (1) 11:00 p.m. on any Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday until 6:00 a.m. of the following day; and
- (2) 12:01 a.m. until 6:00 a.m. on any Saturday or Sunday.
- (3) Notwithstanding (1) and (2), from June 1 to August 15 of each year, curfew hours shall be from 12:01 a.m. on any day until 6:00 a.m.

Emergency shall include, but not be limited to, fire, natural disaster, an automobile accident or seeking immediate medical treatment for any person.

Interstate transportation means transportation between states of the United States or between a state of the United States and a foreign country, to which any travel through the city is merely incidental.

Intrastate transportation means transportation between locations within the state, to which any travel through the city is merely incidental.

Minor shall mean any person under seventeen (17) years of age.

Parent shall mean a person who is the natural or adoptive parent of minor. As used herein "parent" shall also include a court-appointed guardian or other person twenty-one (21) years of age or older who has been authorized by the parent, by a court order, or by the court-appointed guardian to have the care and physical control of a minor.

Public place means any place to which the public or a substantial group of the public has access and includes, but is not limited to, streets and highways, and the common areas of schools, hospitals, apartment houses, office buildings, transportation facilities, restaurants and shops.

Sec. 16-110. Offenses.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any minor to intentionally or knowingly remain, walk, run, stand, drive or ride about in or upon any public place in the city during curfew hours.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for a parent of a minor to knowingly allow or permit the minor to be in violation of the curfew imposed in subsection (a) of this section. The term "knowingly" includes knowledge which such parent should reasonably be expected to have concerning the whereabouts of a minor in the parent's care. It shall be prima facie evidence of violation of this section if a responsible parent has no knowledge of a minor's whereabouts during the hours of curfew established by this ordinance.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any owner, operator, or employee of any privately owned place of business operated for a profit to which the public is invited, to knowingly allow a minor to remain upon the premises of said place of business during curfew hours.

Sec. 16-111. - Defenses.

It is a defense to prosecution under section 16-110 that, at the time of the act that otherwise would constitute an offense:

- (1) The minor was accompanied by his or her parent;
- (2) The minor was accompanied by an adult twenty-one (21) years of age or older approved by the parent;
- (3) The minor was on an emergency errand;
- (4) The minor was attending a school, religious or government-sponsored activity, or going to or coming from a school, religious or government-sponsored activity;
- (5) The minor was engaged in a lawful employment activity or labor organization meeting, or going to or coming from said lawful employment or labor organization meeting;
- (6) The minor was on the premises of the place where such minor resides or on the premises of a next-door neighbor, and said neighbor was not communicating an objection to a peace officer regarding the presence of said minor;
- (7) The minor was upon an errand directed by his or her parent;
- (8) The minor was in an aircraft or motor vehicle involved in intrastate or interstate transportation, or was awaiting transportation by such means;
- (9) The minor was exercising his or her First and Fourteenth Amendment rights protected by the United States Constitution, including but not limited to, the free exercise of religion, freedom of speech, and the right of assembly; or

- (10) The minor was married or had been married or had disabilities of minority removed in accordance with the Texas Family Code.
- (11) In a prosecution under subsection 16-110(c), the owner, operator or employee of the place of business promptly notified the police department that a minor was present on the premises of the business during curfew hours and refused to leave.

Sec. 6-112. – Enforcement procedures.

Any peace officer, upon finding a minor in violation of section 16-110 may:

- (a) Order the minor to go directly and promptly to his home, after issuing either a verbal warning, a written warning or a citation; or
- (b) Release the minor to a parent, legal guardian or other responsible adult under circumstances deemed appropriate by the officer, after issuing either a verbal warning, written warning or a citation.
 - (1) When a minor is released to a parent, legal guardian or other responsible adult, the adult shall be informed of the specific violation, the nature and purpose of the law, and the consequences of future violations. The peace officer has the discretion to issue either a verbal warning, written warning or a citation to the minor's parent, legal guardian, or a responsible adult into whose care the minor was placed.

Sec. 16-113. - Penalties.

- (a) Any minor violating the provisions of this article shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor as defined by the Texas Penal Code and shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of Title 3 of the Texas Family Code, and the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.
- (b) A parent who violates subsection 16-110(b) or a person who violates subsection 16-110(c) shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor, which shall be punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- (c) In assessing punishment for either a parent or minor, the municipal court judge may consider a community service or teen court program.

Sec. 16-114. - Continuing evaluation.

This ordinance shall be reviewed every third year after passage, as required by V.T.C.A., Local Government Code §370.002, as amended. Such review shall be conducted following public hearings upon the need to continue the ordinance, and the city council shall have the option to continue, abolish or modify the ordinance based upon its review of the ordinance's effects on the community and on the problems the ordinance is intended to remedy.

SECTION II. That all ordinances or resolutions or parts of ordinances or resolutions in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

SECTION III. That should any section or part of any section or paragraph of this ordinance be declared invalid or unconstitutional for any reason, it shall not invalidate or impair the validity, force or effect of any other section or sections or part of a section or paragraph of this ordinance.

SECTION IV. That the Code of Ordinances of the City of Killeen, Texas, as amended, shall remain in full force and effect, save and except as amended by this ordinance.

SECTION V. That this ordinance shall be effective after its passage and upon publication according to law.

PASSED AND APPROVED at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Killeen, Texas, this 12th day of May, 2020, at which meeting a quorum was present, held in accordance with provisions of V.T.C.A., Government Code, §551.001 et seq.

APPROVED:

Jose L. Segarra, MAYOR

ATTEST.

Lucy C. Aldrich, CITY SECRETARY

APPROVED AS TO FORM

Traci S. Briggs, CITY ATTORNEY

ORD. #20-022

CITY COUNCIL MEMORANDUM FOR ORDINANCE

DATE: April 28, 2020

TO: Kent Cagle, City Manager

FROM: Charles Kimble, Chief of Police

SUBJECT: Juvenile Curfew

BACKGROUND AND FINDINGS:

The City of Killeen adopted the current version of the youth curfew ordinance in 1996 and readopted every three years in 1999, 2002, 2005, 2008, 2011, 2014 and 2017. The Texas Local Government Code requires that the ordinances be reviewed every third year after passage. The governing body is to review the ordinance's effects on the community and problems it was intended to remedy and conduct public hearings on the need to continue the ordinance. The Council then has the option to abolish, continue or modify the ordinance.

The Killeen Police Department has gathered statistics that show while juveniles continue to commit offenses during the curfew hours, the number of juvenile arrests during the curfew has remained fairly constant in each of the preceding three years. This indicates that the enforcement of the curfew ordinance has kept juveniles off the streets during the curfew hours, thus making them less able to commit offenses or be victimized during those hours.

The ordinance, as presented, is the ordinance currently in effect, except that in section 16-113(b) language was added to clarify that an offense is a Class C misdemeanor.

The Local Government Code requires two public hearings. This item is scheduled for public hearings at the Council meeting on April 28, 2020 and May 12, 2020, to allow for input and voting prior to the expiration of the current ordinance.

THE ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED:

Allow the curfew ordinance to lapse; or Pass the curfew ordinance with changes; or Pass the curfew ordinance as presented.

Which alternative is recommended? Why?

Staff recommends passing the curfew ordinance as presented to reduce juvenile crime during the curfew hours; to protect minors from each other and other persons; to promote parental control and responsibility for children; to protect the general public; and to reduce juvenile criminal and delinquent activities.

CONFORMITY TO CITY POLICY:

The ordinance conforms to city policy and state law.

FINANCIAL IMPACT:

What is the amount of the expenditure in the current fiscal year? For future years?

No fiscal impact. There will be no additional expenditures of City funds to enforce the curfew ordinance.

Is this a one-time or recurring expenditure?

Not applicable.

Is this expenditure budgeted?

Not applicable.

If not, where will the money come from?

Not applicable.

Is there a sufficient amount in the budgeted line-item for this expenditure?

Not applicable.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends council re-adopt the Youth Curfew ordinance as presented.

DEPARTMENTAL CLEARANCES:

City Attorney's Office

ATTACHED SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS:

Ordinance