ORDINANCE 25-33

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MANATEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, PROVIDING THAT THE MANATEE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES BE AMENDED BY REVISING **CHAPTER 2-4; TO ESTABLISH LIMITS AND REGULATIONS RELATED** TO THE SALE OF ANIMALS: PROVIDING FOR OTHER MODIFICATIONS FOR CLARITY AND CONSISTENCY; PROVIDING FOR ENFORCEMENT; PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS; PROVIDING PROVIDING FOR AREAS EMBRACED: FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, ensuring the humane treatment of animals is an important public purpose; and

WHEREAS, the Animal Welfare Act (AWA), 7 U.S.C. §§2131-2159, establishes federal standards for the humane care and treatment of certain animals sold at wholesale or through a broker, publicly exhibited, used in biomedical research, or transported commercially; and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) has an Animal Care program, which is responsible for implementing and enforcing animal welfare regulations pursuant to the AWA; and

WHEREAS, the AWA regulates the activities of dog breeders, unless the breeder qualifies as a "hobby breeder," and requires non-exempt breeders and brokers to maintain a license with the USDA, which requires that they agree to follow specific standards for the care of animals; and

WHEREAS, the AWA expressly provides that a state or a political subdivision of a state may promulgate standards regarding the handling, care, treatment and transportation of animals, if those standards are more restrictive than the standards promulgated by the USDA; and

WHEREAS, the USDA Inspector General (IG) issued audit reports on APHIS Animal Care regulation of the dog breeding industry in 2010 and 2021, and the findings of the reports include:

- Minimal standards in place and minimal enforcement
- Enforcement process was ineffective against large-scale dog dealers

- Inspectors did not cite or document violations properly
- The APHIS penalty worksheet calculated minimal penalties and misused guidelines to lower penalties
- Some breeders circumvented the AWA by selling animals online
- Minimal work is being done to enforce the AWA
- There is a lack of organization by the USDA
- Data reliability issues with reports being generated from the APHIS database; and

WHEREAS, in 2021 the IG summary stated: "We found that APHIS did not consistently address complaints it received or adequately document the results of its follow up. This occurred because APHIS does not have a documented process for resolving complaints and recording the results of the agency's actions. As a result, some dog breeder facilities may be conducting regulated activity without a USDA license or oversight. Therefore, APHIS is not able to ensure the overall health and humane treatment of animals at these facilities."; and

WHEREAS, data and research reviewed by Manatee County Animal Services staff supports the IG's conclusion that the USDA is not adequately regulating the dog breeding industry and is failing to safeguard the health and welfare of the dogs being produced by the industry and shipped to local pet stores for retail sale; and

WHEREAS, some commercial animal breeders operate unsanitary and inhumane breeding facilities for dogs in which the health of the dogs is disregarded; and

WHEREAS, some retail pet sales establishments purchase animals from commercial breeders that operate unsanitary and inhumane breeding facilities; and

WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Manatee County (Board) finds that it is in the best interest of Manatee County (County), and the life, health, safety, and welfare of residents, and animals, to avoid the expansion of pet sale establishments in the county by banning the opening of new retail pet stores in Manatee County; and

WHEREAS, the Board also finds that it is in the best interest of the County, and the life, health, safety, and welfare of residents, and animals, to avoid the expansion of pet sale establishments in the county by regulating the expansion or relocation within Manatee County of previously existing retail pet stores; and WHEREAS, the Board also finds that it is in the best interest of the County, and the life, health, safety, and welfare of residents, and animals, to modify the regulations surrounding the operations of previously existing retail pet stores; and

WHEREAS, on October 22, 2024, the Board adopted Ordinance 24-92 providing, *inter alia*, for the inspection and regulation of pet stores and breeders and the Board desires that this Ordinance to complement and not supersede Ordinance 24-92; and

WHEREAS, for these reasons the Board examined options appropriate to the County to regulate retail pet sales within Manatee County, and finds it necessary to enact more comprehensive regulations of the pet retail sales within Manatee County.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of County Commissioners of Manatee County Florida that:

Section 1. Incorporation of Recitals. The recitals set forth above are hereby adopted as findings of this Board and are incorporated herein by reference.

Section 2. Modification of Article I. Article I of Chapter 2-4, Section 2-4-2 of the Manatee County Animal Ordinance is hereby amended as set forth in Exhibit "A" to this Ordinance.

Section 3. Modification of Article II. Article II of Chapter 2-4, Sections 2-4-26, 2-4-27, 2-4-28, and 2-4-29 of the Manatee County Animal Ordinance are hereby amended as set forth in Exhibit "B" to this Ordinance.

Section 4. Creation of Section 2-4-31. Article II of Chapter 2-4, Section 2-4-31 of the Manatee County Animal Ordinance is hereby created as set forth in Exhibit "C" to this Ordinance.

Section 5. Areas Embraced. This Ordinance shall be effective in the incorporated as well as unincorporated areas of the County.

Section 6. Delineation of Change. For purposes of codification of any section of the Manatee County Code herein amended, words <u>underlined</u> represent additions to original text, and words **stricken** are deletions from the original text.

Section 7. Inclusion in Code. Pursuant to Section 125.68(1), F.S., the Codifier shall codify the substantive amendments to the Manatee County Code contained in Section 2, Section 3, and Section 4 of this Ordinance as provided therein, that the sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word "ordinance" may be changed to section, article or such other appropriate word or phrase in order to accomplish such intentions, and the Codifier shall not codify any other sections not

designated for codification.

Section 8. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, provision or word of this Ordinance is held invalid, same shall be severable and the remainder of this Ordinance shall not be affected by such invalidity, such that any remainder of the Ordinance shall withstand any severed provision, as the Board of County Commissioners would have adopted the Ordinance and its regulatory scheme even absent the invalid part.

Section 9. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon filing with the State of Florida Department of State.

DULY ADOPTED with a quorum present and voting this 3rd day of June, 2025.



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF MANATEE COUNTY, FLORIDA

By: Chairperson

ATTEST: ANGELINA COLONNESO CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT AND COMPTROLLER

By:

Deputy Clerk

<u>EXHIBIT A</u>

Section 2-4-2. - Definitions.

• • •

Harbor shall mean to perform any acts of providing care, shelter, protection, refuge, food, or nourishment in such a manner as to control the animal's actions.

<u>Hobby breeder shall mean a person or entity that is a current member of a dog,</u> <u>cat or kennel club at the national, state, or local level that is, or is affiliated with, a</u> <u>nationally recognized organization and that houses or breeds dogs or cats in or on the</u> <u>property of a private residence.</u>

. . .

License certificate shall mean a document evidencing registration and vaccination for rabies of a dog, cat, or ferret residing in the county which contains at a minimum the information required by Section 828.30, Florida Statutes, as amended.

<u>Kennel shall mean any premises wherein any person engages in the business of boarding, breeding, buying or letting for hire for a fee, dogs or cats. County-operated or city-operated animal services agencies and registered nonprofit humane organizations shall be exempt from this definition.</u>

• • •

Proper enclosure shall have the meaning provided by Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, as may be amendedmean securely enclosed and locked pen or structure, suitable to prevent the entry of other dogs, cats, or young children and designed to prevent the dog or cat from escaping over, under, or through the structure and shall also provide protection from the elements in a humane manner.

. . .

Severe injury shall mean any physical injury that results in broken bones, multiple punctures, or disfiguring lacerations requiring sutures or reconstructive surgery, regardless of the permanency of any disfigurement have the meaning provided by Section 767.11, Florida Statutes, as may be amended.

. . .

<u>EXHIBIT B</u>

Section 2-4-26. - Application and License Requirements.

A. Application Process

. . .

- (3) Facility will be inspected by the Division of Animal Services. Facility must be in compliance with the Standards of Care, outlined in <u>thethis Manatee</u> <u>County Animal</u> Ordinance, prior to being issued a license.
- (4) It shall be a violation of this section if the license holder fails to meet the standards set forth for basic animal care and facility sanitation as established by the Division, which standards shall be available on the Division's website. A license holder is responsible for remaining familiar with the most recent standards.
- B. License Requirements
 - (1) All pet stores and breeders operating within Manatee County must obtain a license from Manatee County Animal Welfare. Licenses must be renewed annually. There is no fee for the license.
 - (a) All license holders and applicants shall provide an update within 15 calendar days of any addition or change of the physical address of the location(s) of all animals being bred or offered for sale.
 - (2) Hobby Breeders are exempt from the provisions of subsection 2-4-26(B)(1) and (3), provided that:
 - (a) They are in compliance with all other provisions of this article and applicable laws relating to animals.
 - (3) Commercial Establishments engaging in the Retail Sale of dogs or cats must acquire and maintain a valid and current license, and operate only within the scope and terms of the license. A Commercial Establishment is required to obtain a license within the time period prescribed by the Division, and in order to qualify, acquire, and maintain a license, a Commercial Establishment must at all times maintain compliance with the requirements of the Manatee County Animal Ordinance, specifically the section pertaining to the Retail Sales of Animals, as well as any other applicable regulations. No license will be issued to any Commercial Establishment that was not

already in operation prior to as of the date this Ordinance is passed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, existing Commercial Establishments eligible for licenses, will not be issued a license that expands their operations, including but not limited to a proposed expansion to any new location, or the expansion of the floor space of any premises used by the Commercial Establishment to conduct Retails Sales. Existing Commercial Establishments that are eligible for a license pursuant to the Manatee County Animal Ordinance, may transfer, assign or sell their business provided that the transferee, assignee or new owner meets all applicable legal requirements and maintains a license under the same terms in compliance with the Manatee County Animal Ordinance. Furthermore, an existing Commercial Establishment eligible for Retail Sales as provided herein may move its operations to a new location while preserving its eligibility for continued Retail Sales only when the following requirements are met:

The proposed new location must:

- (a) <u>Have a total building square footage smaller than the existing</u> location; and
- (b) Maintain a square footage of retail pet sales floor space that is smaller than the existing location; and
- (c) <u>Maintain a number of kennels on the sales floor that is a minimum</u> <u>10% lower than that of the existing location; and</u>
- (d) Submit a new license application; and
- (e) Pass the licensing inspection.

Section 2-4-27. - Standards for Care and Treatment of Animals.

- A. Housing. All animals shall be contained in appropriate animal enclosures and shall not be permitted to be at large in the facility.
 - (1) Primary enclosures shall comply with all of the following structural standards:
 - (2) Primary and temporary enclosures shall be structurally sound and maintained in good repair to protect the animals from injury, to contain the animals, to keep other animals out, and to promote the health and well-being of the enclosed animals. Primary enclosures shall be constructed so

they can be routinely maintained to allow animals to stay clean<u>and be</u> <u>constructed</u> in such a way that they can be maintained in a clean, dry and <u>sanitary manner</u>.

- (3) The floor of the primary enclosure shall be constructed to prevent injury. A solid surface, platform, or shelf shall be provided when a grid-flooring system is used and shall be appropriate for the size of the animal. If of mesh or slatted construction, will not allow the animals' appendages to pass through any openings in the floor.
- (4) Primary enclosures shall be constructed of materials that are impervious to moisture and can be sanitized. <u>All cages and animal enclosures shall be made of non-porous material, impervious to fecal matter and urine, which can be easily disinfected.</u>
- (5) All primary enclosures shall provide adequate space for the animal or animals housed in the enclosure.
- (6) Each primary enclosure shall provide animals with an enrichment device or devices appropriate for the species, age, size, and condition of the animal.
- (7) Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they:
 - (a) Have no sharp points or edges that could injure animals; and
 - (b) Protect animals from injury; and
 - (c) Keep predators and unauthorized individuals from accessing the enclosure(s); and
 - (d) Provide animals with easy and convenient access to clean food and water; and
 - (e) Enable all surfaces in contact with animals to be readily cleaned and disinfected.
- (78) In addition to the requirements set forth in subdivision (a), primary enclosures for cats shall provide an elevated platform as appropriate for the size of the cat.
- (89) In addition to the requirements set forth in subdivision (a), primary enclosures for birds shall be designed to ensure all of the following: A bird can fully extend both of its wings at the same time without contacting the

sides of the enclosure. Perches are provided in a diameter that is appropriate for the species, age, size, and condition of the bird, and for the size of the enclosure. There is sufficient space to enable each bird to fully extend its wings in every direction while all birds are simultaneously perched. Primary enclosures for prey species shall be located where they cannot be directly seen by predator animals for that species.

- (10) Space requirements for dogs. In addition to the requirements set forth above:
 - (a) The guideline for minimum size for an animal enclosure for a dog ten (10) pounds and under shall be three and one half (3.5) square feet.
 - (b) The guideline for minimum size for an animal enclosure for a dog from eleven (11) to twenty (20) pounds shall be six (6) square feet.
 - (c) The guideline for minimum size for an animal enclosure for a dog from twenty- one (21) to thirty-five (35) pounds shall be eight (8) square feet.
 - (d) The guideline for minimum size for an animal enclosure for a dog from thirty- six (36) to fifty (50) pounds shall be twenty (20) square feet.
 - (e) The interior height of each animal enclosure for a dog must be at least six (6) inches higher than the highest point of the body (normally the ears) of the dog in the enclosure when it is in a normal standing position.
 - (f) All dogs over thirty-five (35) pounds shall be required to be exercised on a leash three (3) times per day for a minimum of ten (10) minutes per exercise period.
- (11) Space and other requirements for cats. In addition to the requirements set forth above:
 - (a) Each cat that is housed in any primary enclosure must be provided minimum vertical space and floor space as follows:
 - (1) Each primary enclosure housing cats must be at least twentytwo (22) inches in interior height.
 - (2) Cats up to and including nine (9) pounds must be provided

with at least three (3) square feet.

- (3) Cats over nine (9) pounds must be provided with at least four (4) square feet.
- (b) Compatibility.
 - (1) All cats housed in the same animal enclosure must be compatible, as determined by observation.
 - (2) Kittens under four (4) months of age may not be housed in the same animal enclosure with adult cats.
- (c) Litter.
 - (1) In all primary enclosures, a receptacle containing sufficient clean litter must be provided to collect excreta and body wastes.
 - (2) Litter pans shall be cleaned and changed daily or more often if necessary.
- (d) Resting surfaces.
 - (1) Each animal enclosure housing cats should contain a solid resting surface or surfaces that, in the aggregate, are large enough to hold all the occupants of the animal enclosure at the same time comfortably.
 - (2) The resting surfaces must be elevated, impervious to moisture and able to be easily cleaned and disinfected, or easily replaced when soiled or worn.
 - (3) The resting surfaces shall not be considered part of the minimum floor space.
- (12) Food and water requirements for Commercial Establishments.
 - (a) Food shall be stored in rodent, pest and moisture proof containers with lids. Containers shall be clearly and properly labeled as to contents.
 - (b) Fresh water shall be available to all animals at all times and shall be maintained in a container in such a manner that animals cannot turn

container over.

- (c) Food and water shall be fresh, appropriate and free from contamination.
- (13) Cleaning procedures for Commercial Establishments.
 - (a) Animals (other than water dependent species) shall not be directly exposed to water or disinfectant and shall be removed from animal enclosures during cleaning procedures. Water dependent species shall not be directly exposed to disinfectant and shall be removed from tanks during cleaning procedures.
 - (b) The entire cage of each dog and cat including top, sides, floor, grate, wall and door shall be cleaned with soap and disinfected, rinsed and dried daily.
 - (c) Drains and walkways adjacent to all cages and animal enclosures shall be cleaned with soap and disinfected daily.
 - (d) Runs and cages shall be spot cleaned as necessary to remove animal excrement throughout the day.
 - (e) Food dishes and water bowls/containers shall be cleaned and disinfected daily.
 - (f) Appropriate cleaning procedures shall be used to ensure that fumes from excreta and urine do not adversely affect the lungs of animals or humans.
- (14) Heating, cooling and temperature.
 - (a) Indoor housing facilities for animals must be sufficiently heated and cooled when necessary to protect the animals from cold and hot temperatures and to provide for their health, comfort and well-being.
 - (b) When animals are present, the ambient temperature in the facility must not fall below fifty (50) degrees Fahrenheit (F) (ten (10) degrees Celsius (C)) for animals not acclimated to lower temperatures. Such animals would include short-haired breeds, sick, aged, young, infirm dogs and cats, and small domestic animals.
 - (c) The ambient temperature must not fall below fifty (50) degrees F (ten

(10) degrees C) or must not rise above eighty-five (85) degrees F (thirty- five 35 degrees C) at any time.

- (15) Ventilation.
 - (a) Indoor housing facilities for animals must be sufficiently ventilated at all times when animals are present to provide comfort and well-being, and to minimize odors, drafts, ammonia levels and moisture condensation.
 - (b) Air, preferably fresh air, must be provided through windows, vents, fans (exterior) or air-conditioning.
 - (c) Auxiliary ventilation or air-conditioning must be provided when the ambient temperature is eighty-five (85) degrees F (thirty (30) degrees C) or higher.
- (16) Exemption for Animal Shelters.
 - (a) A Commercial Establishment may allow an Animal Shelter to use the Commercial Establishment's premises for the purpose of making animals available for adoption, provided the Commercial Establishment does not have an ownership interest in such animals and all other provisions of this code are followed. In addition, the Commercial Establishment shall post conspicuously on the cage or enclosure of each dog and cat offered for adoption a written notice in twelve- point or greater type identifying the Animal Shelter from which the dog or cat may be adopted, the breed, the sex, the age, the relevant information known about the dog or cat and that the dog or cat must be sterilized prior to adoption.

•••

- C. Minimum operational standards for Commercial Establishments.
 - (1) General requirements for Commercial Establishments. For the purpose of this section, the word dog means a dog of any age and the word cat means a cat of any age.
 - (a) For each dog and cat transported into the County from outside of the State of Florida for sale, the tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics required by this chapter must be administered by or under the direction of a veterinarian, licensed by the state of origin and

accredited by the United States Department of Agriculture, who issues the Official Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (OCVI). The tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics must be administered no more than thirty (30) days and no less than fourteen (14) days before the dog or cat's entry into the State of Florida. An OCVI certifying compliance with this chapter must accompany each dog and cat transported into the State of Florida for sale.

- (b) Each OCVI shall contain records for only one (1) dog or cat.
- (c) No dog or cat imported into the State of Florida for sale shall be offered for sale without an OCVI issued by a veterinarian licensed in the state of origin.
- (d) The following tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics must be administered to each dog before the dog is offered for sale in the County, unless a licensed, accredited veterinarian certifies on the OCVI that to inoculate or deworm the dog is not in the best medical interest of the dog, in which case the vaccine or anthelmintic may not be administered to that particular dog:
 - (1) Canine distemper.
 - (2) Leptospirosis.
 - (3) Bordetella (by intranasal inoculation or by an alternative method of administration if deemed necessary by the attending veterinarian and noted on the health certificate, which must be administered in this State once before sale).
 - (4) Parainfluenza.
 - (5) Hepatitis.
 - (6) <u>Canine parvo.</u>
 - (7) Rabies, provided the dog is over four (4) months of age and the inoculation is administered by a licensed veterinarian.
 - (8) Roundworms.
 - (9) Hookworms.

If the dog is under four (4) months of age, the tests, vaccines, and

Page 13 of 26

anthelmintics required by this chapter must be administered no more than twenty- one (21) days before sale within the County. If the dog is four (4) months of age or older, the tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics required by this chapter must be administered at or after three (3) months of age, but no more than one (1) year before sale within the County.

- (e) The following tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics must be administered to each cat before the cat is offered for sale in the County, unless the licensed, accredited veterinarian certifies on the OCVI that to inoculate or deworm the cat is not in the best medical interest of the cat, in which case the vaccine or anthelmintic may not be administered to that particular cat:
 - (1) Panleukopenia.
 - (2) Feline viral rhinotracheitis.
 - (3) Calici virus.
 - (4) Rabies, if the cat is over four (4) months of age and the inoculation is administered by a licensed veterinarian.
 - (5) Hookworms.
 - (6) Roundworms.

If the cat is under four (4) months of age, the tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics required by this section must be administered no more than twenty- one (21) days before sale within the State. If the cat is four (4) months of age or older, the tests, vaccines, and anthelmintics required by this section must be administered at or after three (3) months of age, but no more than one (1) year before sale within the State.

- (f) Every dog and cat offered for sale by a Commercial Establishment must be accompanied by a current OCVI at all times while being offered for sale within the County. The examining veterinarian must retain one (1) copy of the OCVI on file for at least one (1) year after the date of examination.
- (g) Each dog and cat in the possession of a Commercial Establishment shall be examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in Florida no

more than thirty (30) days before the sale within the County. The examination must include, but not be limited to, an evaluation for possible congenital defects and contagious diseases and a fecal test to determine if the dog or cat is free of internal parasites, including hookworms, roundworms, tapeworms, and whipworms. If the examination warrants, the dog or cat must be treated with a specific anthelmintic. In the absence of a definitive parasitic diagnosis, each dog or cat must be given a broad spectrum anthelmintic. At the conclusion of the examination, the veterinarian shall complete an OCVI including all medical findings, which shall remain current for a period of thirty (30) days. Each dog and cat in the possession of a Commercial Establishment shall be re-examined by a veterinarian every thirty (30) days and the Commercial Establishment shall ensure that a current OCVI is completed by the examining veterinarian.

- (h) Each dog over six (6) months of age must be tested by a veterinarian for heartworms before being offered for sale and the results of the tests must be listed on the OCVI.
- (i) Each cat must be tested by a veterinarian for feline leukemia before being offered for sale and the results of the tests must be listed on the OCVI.
- (j) Each dog and cat obtained by the Commercial Establishment for the purpose of sale shall be examined by a veterinarian licensed in Florida within two (2) business days of the day Commercial Establishment obtains the dog or cat.
- (k) No Commercial Establishment shall possess, offer for sale, sell, transport, or arrange for the transportation of any dog or cat that is less than eight (8) weeks of age.
- (I) No Commercial Establishment shall import a dog into the United States in violation of 7 U.S.C. 2148, Importation of live dogs.
- (m) Except when in coordination with an Animal Shelter as provided herein, it shall be unlawful for any Commercial Establishment to display, offer for sale, deliver, barter, give away, transfer or sell any dog or cat from any source that does not hold a valid license issued by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq., or successor provision of law as of the date such

Commercial Establishment received such dog or cat.

Commercial Establishments shall only obtain dogs and cats from:

- (1) A breeder holding an active class A license issued by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq. and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (2) A dealer holding an active class B license issued by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq. and regulations promulgated thereunder, and if the class B license holder is not the breeder, obtained the dog or cat from a breeder who is licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture.
- (3) A transporter holding an active license as a carrier or intermediate handler issued by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2131 et seq. and regulations promulgated thereunder and who obtained the dog or cat from a breeder who is licensed by the USDA.
- (n) It shall be unlawful for any Commercial Establishment to obtain a dog or cat from any source, including but not limited to a breeder or dealer, if the source or, an owner, operator, or employee of the source:
 - (1) Has been convicted of cruelty to animals under any Federal. State or local law.
 - (2) Has had a final judgment entered against it/him/her based upon a finding of animal neglect or mistreatment pursuant to Statutes §828.073 or comparable statute.
 - (3) Has been permanently enjoined from breeding, selling, handling, transporting or dealing in dogs or cats by any court.
 - (4) Whose license/permit issued by any local government, State, or Federal government to breed, sell, handle, transport_or otherwise deal in dogs or cats is suspended or revoked.
 - (5) That has received a finally determined citation for any "direct" noncompliance violation as indicated on any United States Department of Agriculture inspection report at any time during

the prior three (3) years.

- (6) That has received a finally determined citation for failure to provide a United States Department of Agriculture inspector access to property, animals or records as required by 9 CFR § 2.126, unless a subsequent inspection has been performed at which no direct or indirect violations were found by the inspector.
- (7) That has received three (3) or more finally determined noncompliance citations for violations other than "direct" noncompliance or a violation of 9 CFR § 2.126 at any time during the prior three (3) years.
- (8) That has received a finally determined repeat noncompliance citation at any time during the prior three (3) years.
- (9) That has received a finally determined cease and desist order pursuant to 7 U.S.C. § 2149 at any time during the prior three (3) years.
- (o) An OCVI must:
 - (1) Be signed on the date of examination by the examining veterinarian who is licensed by the state of origin and accredited by the United States Department of Agriculture and must include the veterinarian's license number.
 - (2) Show the date of birth, sex, breed, color, EAID number, if applicable, and health record of the dog or cat examined.
 - (3) Contain the printed or typed names and addresses of the person or business from whom the dog or cat was obtained, the consignor or seller, the consignee or purchaser, and the examining veterinarian.
 - (4) For each dog or cat, list all tests performed, the results of all tests performed, all vaccines and deworming medications administered, including the manufacturer, vaccine, type, lot number, expiration date, and the dates of administration thereof.
 - (5) State that the examining veterinarian warrants that, to the best

of his or her knowledge, the dog or cat has no sign of contagious or infectious diseases and has no evidence of internal or external parasites, including coccidiosis and ear mites, but excluding fleas and ticks.

- (6) State whether the examining veterinarian has detected any physical abnormalities or congenital defects in the dog or cat including but not limited to a heart murmur, an umbilical hernia, entropian, an inguinal hernia, patellar luxation, and cryptorchidism.
- (7) Be completed in a legible manner.

An OCVI that does not meet the above-cited requirements shall not comply with this chapter. The Commercial Establishment shall ensure that the OCVI is properly completed with all relevant information.

- (p) It shall be a violation of this chapter to falsify any information provided in any OCVI.
- (q) All dogs and cats offered for sale and copies of OCVI's held by a Commercial Establishment or veterinarian are subject to inspection by any agent of the Division, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, any agent of the United States Department of Agriculture, any law enforcement officer, or any agent appointed under Section 828.03, Florida Statutes.
- (r) All dogs and cats offered for sale by a Commercial Establishment shall be implanted with an electronic animal identification device (EAID).

Section 2-4-28. - Veterinary Treatment records; information to be provided to consumers; records regarding acquisition of animals; maintenance and availability of records<u>: warranties for dogs and cats.</u>

- A. Each pet store operator or breeder shall ensure that records of all veterinary visits to the pet store are documented in writing including documenting any deaths.
- B. The pet store shall provide to the purchaser of an animal at the time of sale information concerning the store's animal return policy, which shall be made available to customers either through in-store signs or handouts to customers. The pet store shall also provide to purchasers of cats, dogs, and all individually housed

animals all of the following information:

- (1) Vaccinations, medical treatment, and veterinary treatment administered to the animal during its stay in the store.
- (2) Any identification device on the animal.
- (3) Each pet store operator shall maintain <u>written</u> records <u>on each dog or cat</u> <u>offered for sale for a period of two (2) years after disposition of each dog</u> <u>and cat</u> for identification purposes <u>including</u>: of the person from whom the <u>animals in the pet store were acquired</u>, including that person's name, address, and telephone number and the date the animal was acquired.
 - (a) The person from whom the animals in the pet store were acquired, including that person's name, address, and telephone number, USDA license number and state and local license number, if applicable, of every breeder, dealer, intermediate handler, and carrier that has owned, possessed, or handled the dog or cat, and the date the animal was acquired by the retail pet store.
 - (b) The date the dog or cat was born.
 - (c) The breed, sex, color, and identifying marks of the dog or cat. If the breed is unknown or mixed, the record shall so indicate.
 - (d) If the dog or cat is being sold as capable of registration, the names and registration numbers of the sire and dam and litter number.
 - (e) After each sale, Commercial Establishments shall submit point of sale certificates provided by the Division along with a copy of each OCVI that has been completed for the dog or cat up to the point of sale.
 - (f) A complete record of any medical treatment or medication provided to or recommended for each dog or cat by a veterinarian and any medical diagnosis made by a veterinarian concerning each dog or cat up to the point of sale. If such information is contained in an OCVI, the OCVI shall be sufficient; if not, the Commercial Establishment shall obtain a copy of each dog or cat's medical records from the veterinarian.
 - (g) <u>A record of any known disease, illness, or congenital or hereditary</u> condition that adversely affects the health of the dog or cat at the

time of sale or is likely to adversely affect the health of the dog or cat in the future.

- (h) For a period of two (2) years from the disposition of each dog and cat, the Commercial Establishment shall maintain records specifying the date and nature of disposition of each dog and cat and the name, address, and phone number of the purchaser and owner (if different than the purchaser) of each dog or cat.
- (i) By the fifteenth day of the month, each Commercial Establishment shall provide the Division with the following records for each dog and cat sold, disposed of or that died during the previous month:
 - (1) A copy of each OCVI that has been completed for such dog or cat; and
 - (2) The name, physical address (no P.O. boxes), USDA license number and state and local license number, if applicable, of every breeder, dealer, intermediate handler and carrier that has owned, possessed or handled the dog or cat; and
 - (3) The date each dog and cat was obtained; and
 - (4) The date each dog and cat was sold, died, or was otherwise disposed of by the Commercial Establishment; and
 - (5) The name, physical address (no P.O. boxes), and telephone number of the purchaser and owner (if different from the purchaser) of each dog and cat sold during that month, including the EAID number, breed, color, sex, and age of each dog and cat.
- (j) If any dog or cat dies while in the possession of a Commercial Establishment, the Commercial Establishment shall maintain a record of the date of death and known or suspected cause of death. Any dog or cat that dies while being treated by a veterinarian or person at the request of the Commercial Establishment shall be considered in the possession of the Commercial Establishment at the time of death. The veterinarian shall specify the date of and known or suspected cause of death on the dog or cat's OCVI. Within fifteen (15) days following the death of a dog or cat, the Commercial Establishment shall provide the Division with records reflecting the

date and cause of the dog or cat's death. The Commercial Establishment shall maintain a copy of such record for a period of two (2) years from the date of the dog or cat's death.

- (k) Each Commercial Establishment shall maintain on the premises all records required by the Manatee County Animal Ordinance and shall make such records available to the Division upon request.
- (I) The failure to maintain complete records on each dog and cat as required by this chapter shall constitute a separate violation as to each record missing or incomplete.
- (4) Each Commercial Establishment shall post conspicuously on the cage or enclosure of each dog and cat offered for sale a written notice in twelvepoint or greater type identifying the breed, sex, date of birth of each dog and cat, any illness found by the veterinarian during the most recent examination, any notes in the "other information/comments" section for the pre-purchase exam, and the name, address, USDA license number and state and local license number, if applicable, of every breeder, dealer, intermediate handler and carrier that has owned, possessed or handled the dog or cat.
- (5) Each Commercial Establishment shall post conspicuously in close proximity to the cages or enclosures where dogs and cats are offered for sale a notice in at least fifty- point (50) type containing the following:

"Notice to consumers: Before purchasing a dog or cat you may request information concerning each dog or cat's health, medical history, and the source from which the dog or cat was obtained. Upon your request, the Commercial Establishment is required to show you these records before you purchase a dog or cat and to give you a copy of these records when you purchase a dog or cat."

(6) At the time of sale, each Commercial Establishment shall provide the purchaser with a written notice in twelve-point (12) or greater type stating:

Pursuant to the Manatee County Animal Ordinance, every owner of a dog or cat is required to obtain a license tag for each dog and cat from the Manatee County Animal Services or an authorized veterinarian. The license tag must be renewed every year, and proof of an up-to-date rabies vaccination is required to obtain or renew a license tag. The Manatee County Board of County Commissioners has determined that the unintended or uncontrolled breeding of dogs and cats leads to pet overpopulation at great expense to the community and that every feasible means of reducing the number of unwanted dogs and cats should be encouraged.

The Division shall have the authority to establish an alternative written disclosure form that includes the essential elements of the written notice provided herein.

- (7) At the time of sale, each Commercial Establishment shall deliver to the purchaser of each dog or cat a written disclosure(s) containing all of the information required above pertaining to records. The Commercial Establishment shall provide all of the above-cited written disclosures containing all of the information required to the prospective purchaser of each dog or cat for review prior to the purchase upon request. The Commercial Establishment shall maintain a copy of the above-cited written disclosures for a period of two (2) years from the date of sale of each dog and cat and shall make such copies available to the Division upon request.
- C. Warranties for dogs and cats.
 - (1) A dog or cat that is purchased from a Commercial Establishment shall be considered unfit for purchase if any of the following apply:
 - (a) Within fourteen (14) days following the sale of a dog or cat by a Commercial Establishment a licensed veterinarian of the purchaser's choosing certifies that, at the time of the sale, the dog or cat was unfit for purchase due to illness or disease, the presence of symptoms of a contagious or infectious disease, or the presence of internal or external parasites, excluding fleas and ticks.
 - (b) Within one (1) year following the sale of a dog or cat, a licensed veterinarian of the purchaser's choosing certifies such dog or cat to be unfit for purchase due to a congenital or hereditary disorder that adversely affects the health of the dog or cat.
 - (c) Within one (1) year following the sale of a dog or cat, the breed, sex, or health of such dog or cat is found to have been misrepresented to the purchaser.
 - (2) If a dog or cat is unfit for purchase for any of the above-cited reasons, the

Commercial Establishment shall afford the purchaser the right to choose one (1) of the following options:

- (a) The right to return the dog or cat and receive a refund of the purchase price, including the sales tax, and reimbursement for reasonable veterinary costs directly related to the veterinarian's examination and certification that the dog or cat is unfit for purchase pursuant to this chapter and directly related to necessary emergency services and treatment undertaken to relieve suffering; or
- (b) The right to return the dog or cat and receive an exchange dog or cat of the purchaser's choice of equivalent value, and reimbursement for reasonable veterinary costs directly related to the veterinarian's examination and certification that the dog or cat is unfit for purchase pursuant to this section and directly related to necessary emergency services and treatment undertaken to relieve suffering; or
- (c) The right to retain the dog or cat and receive reimbursement for reasonable veterinary costs for necessary services and treatment related to the attempt to cure or curing of the dog or cat.

Reimbursement for veterinary costs may not exceed the purchase price of the dog or cat. The cost of veterinary services is reasonable if comparable to the cost of similar services rendered by other licensed veterinarians in proximity to the treating veterinarian and the services rendered are appropriate for the certification by the veterinarian.

- (d) The refund or exchange required by this chapter shall be made by the Commercial Establishment not later than ten (10) business days following receipt of a signed veterinary certification as required in this chapter. The purchaser must notify the Commercial Establishment within a reasonable time after the veterinarian's determination that the animal is unfit and must provide the Commercial Establishment with a copy of the written certification of unfitness.
- (e) A dog or cat may not be determined unfit for sale on account of an injury sustained or illness contracted after the purchaser takes possession of the dog or cat. A veterinary finding of intestinal or external parasites is not grounds for declaring a dog or cat unfit for sale unless the dog or cat is clinically ill because of that condition.
- (f) If a Commercial Establishment wishes to contest a demand for

veterinary expenses, refund, or exchange made by a purchaser under this section, the Commercial Establishment may require the purchaser to produce the dog or cat at a mutually agreed upon time and place for examination by a licensed veterinarian designated by the Commercial Establishment. Upon such examination, if the purchaser and the Commercial Establishment are unable to reach an agreement that constitutes one (1) of the options set forth in this chapter within ten (10) business days following examination by the Commercial Establishment's designated veterinarian, the purchaser may initiate an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover or obtain reimbursement of veterinary expenses, refund, or exchange.

- (g) No Commercial Establishment shall require or attempt to require a purchaser to sign a contract or agreement to waive any of the rights provided by this chapter.
- (h) This Ordinance does not in any way limit the rights or remedies that are otherwise available to a purchaser under any other law.
- (i) Each Commercial Establishment shall provide the purchaser of a dog or cat at the time of sale with the written notice required by Florida Statutes § 828.29(12), which shall be provided in twelve-point (12) or greater type.
- (j) No Commercial Establishment shall require the purchaser of a dog or cat to use the Commercial Establishment's veterinarian in order to receive a refund or exchange required by this chapter.
- (k) If a purchaser requests a refund or requests to return or exchange a dog or cat pursuant to this Ordinance, each Commercial Establishment shall maintain all records related to the purchaser's request for a period of two (2) years from receipt of such records and shall deliver a copy of the purchaser's request to the Division within seven (7) days of receipt.

Section 2-4-29. – Inspections.

A. Pet stores and breeders shall be inspected at least twice annually. Additional inspections may be conducted based on complaints or at the discretion of Manatee County Animal WelfareServices.

- B. <u>InspectionsAnimal Services Division</u> shall assess compliance with all standards set forth in <u>thethis Manatee County Animal</u> Ordinance.
- C. Inspectors shall have the authority to enter and inspect any area where animals are housed or cared for.
- D. The renewal inspection period shall extend from sixty (60) days prior to the end of a current license period until the last day of the current license period. Notice of the renewal inspection period, including a description of the scope and criteria of the inspection, shall be provided no later than ten (10) days prior to a renewal inspection period, and any effort to seek review by a competent jurisdiction of the intended inspection must be initiated before the renewal period begins. The renewal inspection shall be unscheduled, and may be conducted at any reasonable hour by any animal services officer, who shall act in accordance with the renewal inspection period notice and at a minimum shall be given access to and the opportunity to investigate the animals, premises and records of a license holder to determine compliance with Section 767, Florida Statutes, and Section 828, Florida Statutes, as may be amended, and the Manatee County Animal Ordinance.
- E. If a license holder under this section receives an unsatisfactory inspection or an ordinance violation, a license may be suspended or revoked. Upon correction of violations and, provided a satisfactory reinspection is completed, a license may be reinstated for the duration of the license period, as established by the Board of County Commissioners.
- F. Any decision by the Division to deny, suspend, or revoke the license of a license applicant or license holder may be reviewed by the County Administrator or his/her designee. A license applicant or license holder may initiate review by delivering a written request for review of the action to the Chief by 5:00 p.m. EST on the fifth full business day after the date of the relevant Division action. The written notice shall include the basis of review and relief sought, as well as any supporting materials which the requesting party deems relevant to the issues raised in the request. The County Administrator or his/her designee will issue a decision in writing stating the reason for the determination in the matter, with a copy furnished to the initiating party no later than 5:00 p.m. EST on the seventh full business day after receipt of the request for review. The decision shall be final and conclusive as to the county unless a party commences action in a court of competent jurisdiction.

EXHIBIT C

Section 2-4-31. - Pet stores; kennels; and hobby breeders.

- A. Restrictions pertaining to animal sales by licensed entities.
 - (1) Sales subject to the Manatee County Animal Ordinance shall only take place in locations authorized in licenses and in no event shall such sale locations be permitted in a public thoroughfare, public common area, parking lots open to the public or flea market.
 - (2) No person or entity may advertise for the sale of animals, unless such advertisement includes the license number issued by the Division.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, advertise (or advertisement) includes, but is not limited to, announcements, listings, displays, entries, or other written statements containing the name of the license holder or identifying the services offered by the license holder or by a person or entity subject to this section and that are placed in a magazine or periodical, newspaper or inserts, direct mail pieces, audio broadcasting or telephone directory, on the internet, or on vehicles or equipment.
 - (4) After each sale, Pet Store Operators, Hobby Breeders, and anyone else engaged in a Retail Sale shall submit point of sale certificates provided by the Division.